English Language Arts KUD Concept Organizer

These **ELA KUD Concept Organizers** are <u>not</u> replacements for teachers' individual unit KUDs. Rather, they are deconstructions of the <u>concepts</u> inherent in each of the Common Core State Standards. These are a resource from which teachers should select appropriate *Knowledge*, *Understandings*, and *Dos* (skills) to develop their own unit KUDs to guide planning for instruction.

GRADE 1- Text Types and Purposes Writing Standard 3

College and Career Readiness (CCR) Anchor Writing Standard Key Ideas and Details (3):			
Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well			
chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.			
CCSS – Grade Specific Writing Standard 3: Text Types and Purposes			
Grade K: Use a combination	Grade 1: Write narratives in	Grade 2: Write narratives in	
of drawing, dictating, and	which they recount two or	which they recount a well-	
writing to narrate a single event	more appropriately	elaborated event or short	
or several loosely linked events,	sequenced events, include	sequence of events, include	
tell about the events in the order	some details regarding	details to describe actions,	
in which they occurred, and	what happened, use temporal	thoughts, and feelings, use	
provide a reaction to what	words to signal event order,	temporal words to signal event	
happened.	and provide some sense of	order, and provide a sense of	
	closure.	closure.	
KNOW	UNDERSTAND	DO	
(Factual)	(Conceptual)	(Procedural, Application and	
	_	Extended Thinking)	
Narrative writing	• Good authors include details	• Select/identify two or more	
• Event(s) (topic and	that bring events/people to	events to tell about	
situation-what happened.	life for the reader.	Provide relevant details	
For example, "my dog" is a		about the event (s)	
topic; "my dog ate my	Good authors use	• Organize writing in the order	
homework" is an event)	model/example texts to	in which the events	
Relevant details/examples	guide them as they compose	occurred, appropriately	
(e.g., how things look, feel,	their own narrative pieces.	sequencing events	
smell, sound, taste)	_	• Use temporal words to	
• Temporal/time order words	• Good authors use narrative	signal event order and	
(e.g., first, next, then)	elements to tell about events	transition from one event to	
• Reaction/response (e.g.,	and reflect upon those	another	
Why was the event	events.	• Provide a sense of	
important? How did the		closure/ending/conclusion	
event make you feel?)		• Write narratives in	
• Order of events (e.g.,		which they recount two or	
beginning, middle, end)		more appropriately	
Closure/ending/conclusion		sequenced events, include	

Recursive Strategies:

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• Use written and oral English appropriate for various purposes and audiences.

Produce texts that exhibit the following text features, all of which are consistent with the genre and purpose of the writing: development, organization, style, and word choice.

- Development: The topic, theme , stand/perspective, argument or character is fully developed
- Organization: The text exhibits a discernible progression of ideas.
- \circ Style: The writer demonstrates a quality of imagination, individuality, and a distinctive voice.
- Word Choice: The words are precise, vivid, and economical.
- Produce texts that exhibit the following language conventions at all grade levels: sentence formation, conventions.
 - Sentence Formation: Sentences are complete and varied in length and structure.
 - Conventions: Appropriate grammar, mechanics, spelling and usage enhance the meaning and readability of the text. Formal English conventions are to be followed unless otherwise called for by the purpose of the writing.

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Recursive strategies are foundational skills that students should know but may not require an explicit lesson plan. Often these skills do not appear explicitly in the Common Core State Standards for ELA.

Adopted from Delaware Department of Education:

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•	Forms (e.g., stories, journal entries)	some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure
		some sense of closure

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