HOW TO READ A... English Language Arts Literacy Concept Organizer

The ELA Literacy Concept Organizers* were created to assist teachers in aligning their instruction to the Common Core State Standards in ELA. These ELA Literacy Concept Organizers are <u>not</u> replacements for teachers' individual units. They are deconstructions of the Common Core State Standards. These Literacy Concept Organizers are a resource from which teachers can select appropriate *Knowledge*, *Understandings*, and *Dos* to develop their own unit(s) of instruction.

Knowledge: Refers to information such as vocabulary terms, definitions, and facts that may or may not need explicit instruction, however, are the foundation on which the lesson will be built.

Understandings: Refers to the important ideas, principles, and generalizations that allow students to make connections and see patterns and relationships among content. These are the goals of the instruction, outcomes you expect to achieve.

Dos: Refers to demonstration of skills. These are the skills that require explicit instruction. By the completion of a lesson/unit, students should have mastered the selected skill(s).

GRADE 1-Key Ideas and Details Informational Reading Standard 1

College and Career Readiness (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard Key Ideas and Details (1): Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Standard 1 (Informational)

Grade K: With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

Grade 1: Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

Grade 2: Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why and how to demonstrate

KNOW UNDERSTAND DO (Factual) (Conceptual) (Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking)

- Texts
- Questions
- Answers
- Key details
- Predictions
- Inferences
- Background knowledge
- 5 W's + H questions (who, what, where, when, why and how)
- Authors include key details in informational texts which can help a reader ask and answer questions.
- Good readers know a question is different from a statement and requires an answer.
- Make reasonable predictions as they read

understanding of key details in the text.

- Use information from the text and background knowledge to make inferences
- Ask and answer questions which begin with who, what, where, when why, and how
- Ask and answer questions about key details in a text

CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Informational Standard 10 (Grade 1)

With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics

Reading Recursive Strategies:

- Assimilating prior knowledge
- Rereading to clarify information
- o Seeking meaning of unknown vocabulary
- Making and revising predictions

The shaded areas
highlight both the College
and Career Readiness
Anchor Reading
Standard Key Ideas and
Details and the CCSS for
the grade level indicated.

This arrow indicates the CCSS of grade level above the grade level you are working. This allows you to see the progression of from grade to grade.

The Know,
Understand and
Do columns align
to the shaded
grade level.

These recursive strategies are the basic reading strategies that students must know and use to become successful readers. Some of the strategies are not explicitly stated

in the Common

Core State

Standards for ELA.

This arrow

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CCSS of grade

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- o Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions
- o Making connections and responding to text

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GRADE K-Craft and Structure Informational Reading Standard 6

College and Career Ready (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard (6): Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text. CCSS - Grade Level Reading Standard 6 (Informational) Grade K: Name the author and illustrator of a text and **Grade 1:** Distinguish between information provided by define the role of each in presenting the ideas or pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text. information in a text. CCSS-Grade Specific Standard 10 (Grade K/Kindergarten) Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding. Understand Know Do (Factual) (Conceptual) (Procedural, Application, and **Extended thinking**) Informational text (both literary Authors and illustrators have Identify the author of an nonfiction and expository/technical informational text different roles in creating a texts) text. Identify the illustrator of an How to define informational text The author of an Author Identify the ideas and information informational text decides learned from the author Illustrator what ideas or information is Identify the ideas and information Role of an author presented to the reader. learned from the illustrator Role of an illustrator

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

CCSS-Grade Specific Standard 10 (Grade K/Kindergarten)

Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics

The illustrator of an informational text helps the reader "see" the text.

different roles.

Good readers recognize that authors and illustrators have

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