HOW TO READ A... English Language Arts Literacy Concept Organizer

The ELA Literacy Concept Organizers* were created to assist teachers in aligning their instruction to the Common Core State Standards in ELA. These ELA Literacy Concept Organizers are not replacements for teachers' individual units. They are deconstructions of the Common Core State Standards. These Literacy Concept Organizers are a resource from which teachers can select appropriate *Knowledge*, *Understandings*, and *Dos* to develop their own unit(s) of instruction.

Knowledge: Refers to information such as vocabulary terms, definitions, and facts that may or may not need explicit instruction, however, are the foundation on which the lesson will be built.

Understandings: Refers to the important ideas, principles, and generalizations that allow students to make connections and see patterns and relationships among content. These are the goals of the instruction, outcomes you expect to achieve.

Dos: Refers to demonstration of skills. These are the skills that require explicit instruction. By the completion of a lesson/unit, students should have mastered the selected skill(s).

GRADE 1-Key Ideas and Details Literary Reading Standard 1

College and Career Readiness (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard Key Ideas and Details (1): Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Standard 1 (Informational) Grade 1: Ask and answer questions

Grade K: With prompting and Grade 2: Ask and answer such support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. questions as who, what, where, when, about key details in a text. why and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in the text.

KNOW UNDERSTAND DO (Procedural, Application and (Factual) (Conceptual) **Extended Thinking**) Make reasonable predictions as Authors include key details in

- Texts
- **Ouestions**
- Answers
- Key details
- Predictions
- Inferences
- Background knowledge
- 5 W's + H questions (who, what, where, when, why and how)
- informational texts which can help a reader ask and answer questions.
- Good readers know a question is different from a statement and requires an answer.
- they read
- Use information from the text and background knowledge to make inferences
- Ask and answer questions which begin with who, what, where, when why, and how
- Ask and answer questions about key details in a text

CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Informational Standard 10 (Grade 1)

With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics

The shaded areas highlight both the College and Career Readiness **Anchor Reading** Standard Key Ideas and Details and the CCSS for the grade level indicated.

> This arrow indicates the CCSS of grade level above the grade level vou are working. This allows you to see the progression of from grade to grade.

The Know, **Understand and** Do columns align to the shaded grade level.

This arrow indicates the CCSS of grade level prior to the grade level you are working. This allows you to see the progression of from grade to grade.

> These recursive strategies are the basic reading strategies that students must know and use to become successful readers. Some of the strategies are not explicitly stated in the Common Core State Standards for ELA.

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GRADE 4-Craft and Structure Literary Reading Standard 4

College and Career Ready (CCR)			
	are used in a text, including determine		
figurative meanings, and analyze ho			
CCSS – Grade Level Reading Standard 4 (Literary)			
Grade 3: Determine the meaning	Grade 4: Determine the meaning	Grade 5: Determine the meaning	
of words and phrases as they are	of words and phrases as they are		
used in a text, distinguishing	used in a text, including those that		
literal from non-literal language.	allude to significant characters	language such as metaphors and	
	found in mythology (e.g.,	similes.	
	Herculean).		
Know	Understand	Do	
(Factual)	(Conceptual)	(Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking)	
 Literary text Word choice Context clues Literal/ Denotative meaning Connotative meaning Figurative language or non-literal meaning (e.g., simile, metaphor, personification, hyperbole/ exaggeration, idiom Words/phrases that reference well-known characters or storie (e.g., from well-known mythology, fairy tales, fables, legends) Literary devices (e.g., alliteration, repetition, rhythm, rhyme, dialogue) Mood 	understanding of literary	 Read and reread other sentences, paragraphs, and non-linguistic images in the text to identify context clues Use context clues to help unlock the meaning of unknown words/phrases Determine the appropriate definition of words that have more than one meaning Differentiate between literal and non-literal meaning Identify and interpret figurative language and literary devices Describe how figurative language, literary devices, and other language choices enhance meaning Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to 	

Reading Recursive Strategies:

- O Assimilating prior knowledge
- o Rereading to clarify information
- o Seeking meaning of unknown vocabulary
- o Making and revising predictions
- o Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions
- Making connections and responding to text

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	significant characters found in mythology	
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity		
CCSS- Grade Specific Reading Standard 10 (Grade 4)		
By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in the grades 4-5		
text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.		

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