HOW TO READ A... English Language Arts Literacy Concept Organizer

The ELA Literacy Concept Organizers* were created to assist teachers in aligning their instruction to the Common Core State Standards in ELA. These ELA Literacy Concept Organizers are <u>not</u> replacements for teachers' individual units. They are deconstructions of the Common Core State Standards. These Literacy Concept Organizers are a resource from which teachers can select appropriate *Knowledge*, *Understandings*, and *Dos* to develop their own unit(s) of instruction.

Knowledge: Refers to information such as vocabulary terms, definitions, and facts that may or may not need explicit instruction, however, are the foundation on which the lesson will be built.

Understandings: Refers to the important ideas, principles, and generalizations that allow students to make connections and see patterns and relationships among content. These are the goals of the instruction, outcomes you expect to achieve.

Dos: Refers to demonstration of skills. These are the skills that require explicit instruction. By the completion of a lesson/unit, students should have mastered the selected skill(s).

GRADE 1-Key Ideas and Details Informational Reading Standard 1

College and Career Readiness (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard Key Ideas and Details (1): Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

CCSS - Grade Specific Reading Standard 1 (Informational) Grade K: With prompting and **Grade 1: Ask and answer questions** Grade 2: Ask and answer such support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text. questions as who, what, where, when, about key details in a text. why and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in the text. KNOW **UNDERSTAND** DO (Factual) (Conceptual) (Procedural, Application and **Extended Thinking**) Make reasonable predictions as Texts Authors include key details in informational texts which can help **Ouestions** they read a reader ask and answer questions. Use information from the text and Answers background knowledge to make Key details Good readers know a question is inferences Predictions different from a statement and Ask and answer questions which Inferences requires an answer. begin with who, what, where, Background knowledge when why, and how 5 W's + H questions (who, what, Ask and answer questions about where, when, why and how) key details in a text

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CCSS of grade level prior to the

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This allows you

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explicitly stated in the Common Core State

Standards for ELA.

CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Informational Standard 10 (Grade 1)

With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.

Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics

Reading Recursive Strategies:

- Assimilating prior knowledge
- Rereading to clarify information
- Seeking meaning of unknown vocabulary
- Making and revising predictions
- Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions
- Making connections and responding to text

These recursive strategies are the basic reading strategies that students must know and use to become successful readers. Some of the strategies are not explicitly stated in the Common Core State Standards for ELA.

The shaded areas
highlight both the College
and Career Readiness
Anchor Reading
Standard Key Ideas and
Details and the CCSS for
the grade level indicated.

This arrow indicates the CCSS of grade level above the grade level you are working. This allows you to see the progression of from grade to grade.

The Know,
Understand and
Do columns align
to the shaded
grade level.

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GRADE 1-Craft and Structure Informational Reading Standard 5

College and Career Ready (CCR) Anchor Literary Reading Standard (5):		
Analyze the structure of text, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter,		
scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.		
CCSS – Grade Level Reading Standard 5 (Informational)		
Grade K: Name the author and illustrator	Grade 1: Know and use various	Grade 2: Know and use various text features
of a text and define the role of each in	text features (e.g. headings,	(e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings. glossaries,
presenting the ideas or information in a	tables of contents, glossaries,	indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key
text.	electronic menus, icons) to	facts or information in a text efficiently.
	locate key facts or information	
	in a text.	
Know	Understand	Do
Know (Factual)	Understand (Conceptual)	(Procedural, Application
(Factual) • Informational text (both literary		(Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking) • Identify the heading, table of contents,
(Factual)	 (Conceptual) Authors include text features to help the reader understand 	(Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking)
(Factual) • Informational text (both literary	(Conceptual) • Authors include text features	(Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking) • Identify the heading, table of contents,
 (Factual) Informational text (both literary nonfiction and expository/technical texts) Text features (e.g., headings, tables of 	(Conceptual) Authors include text features to help the reader understand the text.	(Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking) Identify the heading, table of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, and icons
(Factual) Informational text (both literary nonfiction and expository/technical texts)	 (Conceptual) Authors include text features to help the reader understand the text. Good readers use text features 	 (Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking) Identify the heading, table of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, and icons Use various text features to locate key facts or
 (Factual) Informational text (both literary nonfiction and expository/technical texts) Text features (e.g., headings, tables of 	 (Conceptual) Authors include text features to help the reader understand the text. Good readers use text features to locate key facts or 	 (Procedural, Application and Extended Thinking) Identify the heading, table of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, and icons Use various text features to locate key facts or information in a text
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