## HOW TO READ A... English Language Arts Literacy Concept Organizer

The ELA Literacy Concept Organizers\* were created to assist teachers in aligning their instruction to the Common Core State Standards in ELA. These ELA Literacy Concept Organizers are not replacements for teachers' individual units. They are deconstructions of the Common Core State Standards. These Literacy Concept Organizers are a resource from which teachers can select appropriate *Knowledge*, *Understandings*, and *Dos* to develop their own unit(s) of instruction. Knowledge: Refers to information such as vocabulary terms, definitions, and facts that may or may not need explicit instruction, however, are the foundation on which the lesson will be built.

Understandings: Refers to the important ideas, principles, and generalizations that allow students to make connections and see patterns and relationships among content. These are the goals of the instruction, outcomes you expect to achieve.

| Dos: Refers to demonstration of skills. These are the skills that require explicit instruction. By the completion of a lesson/unit, students should have mastered the selected skill(s). |  |  |  |  |
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|  | The shaded areas<br>highlight both the College<br>and Career Readiness   |  |  |  |
|  | Informational Reading Standard 1<br>College and Career Readiness (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard Key Ideas and Details (1): Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.  |  |  |  |
|  | CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Standard 1 (Informational)       the grade level indicated.  |  |  |  |
| This arrow<br>indicates the<br>CCSS of grade<br>level prior to the   | Grade K: With prompting and<br>support, ask and answer questions<br>about key details in a text.Grade 1: Ask and answer questions<br>about key details in a text.Grade 1: Ask and answer questions<br>about key details in a text.Grade 2: Ask and answer such<br>questions as who, what, where, when,<br>why and how to demonstrate<br>understanding of key details in the text.  | This arrow<br>indicates the<br>CCSS of grade<br>level above the  |  |  |
| grade level you<br>are working.<br>This allows you   | KNOWUNDERSTANDDO(Factual)(Conceptual)(Procedural, Application and<br>Extended Thinking)  | grade level you<br>are working.<br>This allows you   |  |  |
| to see the<br>progression of<br>from grade to<br>grade.<br>These recursive<br>strategies are   | <ul> <li>Texts</li> <li>Questions</li> <li>Answers</li> <li>Key details</li> <li>Predictions</li> <li>Inferences</li> <li>Background knowledge</li> <li>5 W's + H questions (who, what,</li> </ul> <ul> <li>Authors include key details in informational texts which can help a reader ask and answer questions.</li> <li>Make reasonable predictions as they read</li> <li>Use information from the text and background knowledge to make inferences</li> <li>Ask and answer.</li> <li>Ask and answer questions which begin with who, what, where, when why, and how</li> </ul>   | to see the<br>progression of<br>from grade to<br>grade.<br>The <u>Know</u> ,<br><u>Understand</u> and<br><u>Do</u> columns align |  |  |
| the basic<br>reading<br>strategies that  | Ask and answer questions about key details in a text     CCSS – Grade Specific Reading Informational Standard 10 (Grade 1)   | to the shaded<br>grade level.  |  |  |
| students must<br>know and use to<br>become<br>successful<br>readers. Some<br>of the strategies<br>are not<br>explicitly stated<br>in the Common<br>Core State<br>Standards for<br>ELA.   | With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.         Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts         Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics         Reading Recursive Strategies:         Assimilating prior knowledge         Rereading to clarify information         Seeking meaning of unknown vocabulary         Making and revising predictions         Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions         Making connections and responding to text |  |  |  |

These recursive strategies are the basic reading strategies that students must know and use to become successful readers. Some of the strategies are not explicitly stated in the Common Core State Standards for ELA.

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## GRADE 1-Craft and Structure <u>Informational</u> Reading Standard 4

| College and Career Ready (CCR) Anchor Reading Standard (4): Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.         CCSS – Grade Level Reading Standard 4 (Literary)         Grade K: With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unknown words in a text.       Grade 1: Ask and answer questions about clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.       Grade 2: Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text. |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Know<br>(Factual)  | Understand<br>(Conceptual)   | Do<br>(Procedural, Application and<br>Extended Thinking)   |  |
| <ul> <li>Informational text</li> <li>Questions</li> <li>Answers</li> <li>Picture/graphic clues</li> <li>Words and phrases</li> <li>Word choice</li> <li>Context clues</li> <li>Literal and non-literal meaning</li> <li>Simple figurative language (e.g., simile, metaphor)</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Authors make purposeful<br/>language choices to create<br/>meaning in informational text(s).</li> <li>Good readers actively seek the<br/>meaning of unknown<br/>words/phrases to clarify<br/>understanding of informational<br/>text(s).</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Read and reread other sentences<br/>and non-linguistic images in the<br/>text to identify context clues</li> <li>Use context clues to help unlock<br/>the meaning of unknown<br/>words/phrases</li> <li>Recognize words and phrases that<br/>have literal and non-literal<br/>meanings</li> <li>Identify figurative language</li> <li>Ask and answer questions to help<br/>determine or clarify the meaning<br/>of words and phrases in a text</li> </ul> |  |

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

CCSS- Grade Specific Reading Standard 10 (Grade 1)

With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.

## Informational Text-Literary Nonfiction and Historical, Scientific, and Technical Texts

Includes biographies and autobiographies; books about history, social studies, science, and the arts; technical texts, including directions, forms and information displayed in graphs, charts or maps; and digital sources on a range of topics

**Reading Recursive Strategies:** 

- Assimilating prior knowledge
- Rereading to clarify information
- Seeking meaning of unknown vocabulary
- Making and revising predictions
- Using critical and divergent thinking and assimilating prior knowledge to draw conclusions
- $\circ \qquad \text{Making connections and responding to text} \\$

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