## Geometry Curriculum

Gasconade County R-2 School District

| Grade | : 10-1 |  |  |  | Subject: Math |
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| Month | Unit | Mathematics <br> Missouri <br> Learning <br> Standards | Key Mathematics and Academic Vocabulary | MathLinks to New MLS | Essential Questions |
| August | 1.1 | CO A1 | point <br> line plane collinear coplanar intersection | Item Specification Reports <br> 6-12 Missouri <br> Learning Standards | The student will identify and model points, lines, and planes. The student will identify intersecting lines and planes. <br> The students will find the distance between two points by using the Distance Formula. |
|  | 1.2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CO B6 } \\ & \text { CO D11(1.2) } \end{aligned}$ | line segment congruent rigid transformation constructions distance irrational numbers | 7-12 Math <br> Glossary <br> Missouri EOC <br> Math Reference | The students will find the midpoint of a segment. The students will locate a point on a segment given a fractional distance from one endpoint. |
|  | 1.3 | GPE B5 | midpoint segment bisector | Sheet <br> End of Course <br> Blueprints | The student will measure and classify angles. The student will identify and use congruent angles and the bisector of an angle. |
|  | 1.4 | CO A1 | ray <br> angle <br> vertex <br> degree <br> interior/exterior of angle right, acute, obtuse angles angle bisector |  | The student will identify and use special pairs of angles. The student will identify perpendicular lines. |


|  | 1.5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CO C8 } \\ & \text { CO A1 } \end{aligned}$ | adjacent angles <br> linear pair vertical angles complementary angles supplementary angles perpendicular |  |  |
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| September | 1.6 | GPE B6 <br> MG A1 <br> C B5 <br> GPE B6 <br> GMD A1 <br> GMD A2 <br> CO C8 | polygon <br> concave <br> convex <br> n-gon <br> equilateral polygon <br> equiangular polygon <br> regular polygon <br> perimeter <br> circumference <br> area <br> face <br> edge <br> prism <br> base <br> pyramid <br> cylinder <br> cone <br> sphere <br> surface area <br> volume <br> reflexive property symmetric property transitive property transversal exterior angles consecutive interior angles alternate interior angles alternate exterior angles corresponding angles |  | The students will use the key characteristics to identify and name polygons. <br> The student will find perimeter, circumference, and area of two-dimensional figures. <br> The student will identify and name three-dimensional figures. The student will find surface area and volume. <br> The student will understand and use the reflexive, transitive, \& symmetric properties to prove theorems about lines and angles. <br> The student will name angle pairs formed by lines and transversals. The student will use theorems to determine the relationships between specific pairs of angles. <br> The student will find the slope of a line and use slope to write the equation of a line. <br> The student will use slope to identify parallel and perpendicular lines. <br> The student will prove that two lines are parallel using angle relationship theorems. |


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